VETERANS * ON * CAMPUS Do's and Don'ts

When student veterans come to you with issues related to their service...
Understand that they may have commitments that aren't under their control—like reservist training, deployments, or appointments at the VA—and may need more flexibility than other students.
Know what services are available for veterans at your university.
Best Referral Option (if available): Veteran Liaison or Veteran Services Office
Questions about Gl Bill Benefits: School Certifying Official
Questions about Academic Accommodations: Disability Services Office
Support for Emotional Issues: Counseling Center, VA Hospital and/or Vet Centers
Meeting Other Veterans: Student Veteran Club
Make sure you are referring to the right office by calling first.

When talking with student veterans about their service...

DO	 Ask open-ended questions—like "What did you do in the military?" or, "Where did you serve?"—that allow them to decide how much or how little to share. Keep an open mind about what they have learned about the world.
DON'T	 Ask specific questions—like, "Did you see any suicide bombers?"—that might pressure them to talk about topics they're not comfortable with.
	Ask if they've lost friends or killed anyone.
	Ask personal questions about their mental health like "Do you have PTSD?"
	Make assumptions about how easy or difficult their deployment was.
	Assume they were in combat.
	• Act as if you know more about the military or conflicts overseas than they do.

When talking about military topics in class...

DO	 Be aware that there could be veterans or service members in class and that this topic may make them uncomfortable. Ask student veterans (privately) if they'd like to share their experiences with the class. Ask, "Are there any veterans here who'd like to talk about their experiences?" Help students define what they want to say, sometimes reframing their comments in a more objective tone.
DON'T	• Call on a student veteran or use them as an example in class without their permission.

	Recognize warning signs for psychological distress:
DO	 Often late or absent Restless Easily startled Doesn't appear to be paying attention Turns in assignments late or incomplete Overly concerned with structure; asks for excessive clarification
	• Trust your instincts. If a student puts effort into class, but doesn't get corresponding results, then it's good to be worried and talk to him/her to see what's going on.

When you're worried about a student veteran...

When talking to a student veteran about your concerns...

DO	 Let the student know you're worried about him/her. Mention specific, observable behaviors and ask what's causing those behaviors. Ask questions to better understand the student's need. Feel comfortable asking if the student is a veteran. Normalize the process of getting help. Let someone know right away if you're concerned for the student's safety or the safety of others.
DON'T	 Generalize (e.g., "You always do X. You never do Y."). Use negative labels (e.g., "strange," "weird," "messed up," "crazy").